

# 2022 ESTATE AND GIFT TAX RATES

The top tax rate applicable to estates and living gifts will be subject to a maximum tax rate of 40%.

Estate Tax	Exclusion Amount	Federal Credit	Gift Tax Exclusion
2022	\$12,060,000 <sup>1</sup>	\$4,769,800 <sup>1</sup>	\$12,060,000 <sup>1</sup>

States with Estate or Inheritance Taxes

CT, DC, HI, IL, IA, KY, ME, MD, MA, MN, NE, NJ, NY, OR, PA, RI, VT, WA.

## Other Estate and Gift Planning Items

	2022
Annual gift tax exclusion	\$16,000
Annual gift tax exclusion for non-U.S. citizen spouses	\$164,000
Generation-skipping tax (GST) exemption	\$12,060,000 <sup>1</sup>
IRC §6166 2% limit for deferred estate tax payments	\$1,640,000
Special use valuation for qualified real property	\$1,230,000

## Investment and Insurance Products:

Not Insured by FDIC, NCUSIF, or Any Federal Government Agency. May Lose Value. Not a Deposit of or Guaranteed by Any Bank, Credit Union, Bank Affiliate, or Credit Union Affiliate.



# TRADITIONAL AND ROTH IRAS

### **Contribution Limits**

	2022
Regular	\$6,000
Catch-Up**	\$1,000

\*\*Only taxpayers age 50 and over are eligible to make catch-up contributions.

### **Roth Contribution Phaseout**

MAGI phaseout range for contributions to Roth IRAs in 2022				
Married filing jointly:     Married filing senarately:     Single/HOH:				

\$204,000 - \$214,000	\$0 - \$10,000	\$129,000 - \$144,000

No annual income limit for determining ability to convert traditional IRA to Roth IRA. 10% Saver's Credit AGI Limits: \$68,000 (MFJ); \$34,000 (S, MFS); \$51,000 (HOH).

### Traditional IRA Deductibility Rules<sup>3</sup>

Filing Status	Covered by Employer's Retirement Plan?	Modified AGI 2022	2022 Deductibility
	No	Any amount	Full deduction
		\$68,000 or less	Full deduction
Single	Yes	\$68,001 - \$77,999	Partial deduction
		\$78,000 or more	No deduction
	Neither Spouse Covered	Any amount	Full deduction
	Both Spouses Covered	\$109,000 or less	Full deduction
7		\$109,001 - \$128,999	Partial deduction
oint		\$129,000 or more	No deduction
2	0	\$109,000 or less	Full deduction
Married Filing Jointly	One Spouse Covered for Covered Spouse	\$109,001 - \$128,999	Partial deduction
LT.	Covered Spouse	\$129,000 or more	No deduction
Ma	One Showee	\$204,000 or less	Full deduction
	One Spouse Covered for Non-	\$204,001 - \$213,999	Partial deduction
	Covered Spouse	\$214,000 or more	No deduction

# **QUALIFIED PLANS**

	2022
Maximum elective deferral to retirement plans (e.g., 401(k), 403(b), and 457 plans, and SARSEPs)	\$20,500
Maximum elective deferral to SIMPLE 401(k) plans	\$14,000
Limit on annual additions to SEP plans	\$61,000
Annual compensation threshold requiring SEP contribution	\$650
Limit on annual additions to defined contribution plans	\$61,000
Maximum annual compensation taken into account for contributions	\$305,000
Annual benefit limit under defined benefit plans	\$245,000
Threshold amount for definition of highly compensated employee	\$135,000
Threshold amount for definition of key employee/officer in top-heavy plans	\$200,000

### Catch-Up Contribution Limits for Other Qualified Plan Types

	2022
401(k), 403(b), SARSEP, and 457 Plans	\$6,500
SIMPLE Plans	\$3,000

PERSONAL TAX ITEMS				
Standard Deductions Annual Add'I Age 65 or Older, or Blind				
Married, Filing Jointly	\$25,900	\$1,400		
Head of Household	\$19,400	\$1,750		
Single / Married Filing Separately	\$12,950	\$1,750 (S) / \$1,400 (MFS)		

 $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} \text{Dependents} & \$1,150 \text{ or }\$400 \text{ plus earned income, if greater. Tax return is generally not required if income is less than the standard deduction.} \end{array}$ 

Qual. Dividends and Long-Term Capital Gains >= 12 Month Holding Period			
Tax Single Married Filing Jointly			
0%	\$0-\$41,675	\$0 - \$83,350	
15%	\$41,676 - \$459,750	\$83,351 - \$517,200	
20% above \$459,750 above \$517,200			
Short-term capital gains at ordinary rates, less than 12-month holding period.			

ACA Surtax 3.8% on Net Investment Income: Single \$200,000, MFJ \$250,000

Alternative Minimum Tax (Flat Rate 26%)	Exemption	28% Above	Phaseout Begins
Single	\$75,900	\$206,100	\$539,900
Married, Filing Jointly	\$118,100	\$206,100	\$1,079,800
Married, Filing Separately	\$59,050	\$103,050	\$539,900
Estates and Trusts	\$26,500	\$206,100	\$88,300

#### Kiddie Tax<sup>1</sup> (more than \$1,150 and less than \$11,500)<sup>4</sup>

 Earned Income
 Taxed according to unmarried taxpayers (brackets and rates)

 Unearned Income
 Taxed according to parent's personal brackets and rates

 Child's tax is unaffected by tax situation of child's parents.
 Finite Child's parents

Child Credit <sup>1</sup>	Credit	Refundable	
Child, under age 16	\$2,000	\$1,500	
Other dependents	\$500	\$0	

MAGI Threshold: \$400,000 (MFJ), \$200,000 (S). Phaseout begins after exceeding threshold.

Earned Income Credit				
Qualifying Children	None	One	Two	Three or more
Earned Income	\$7,320	\$10,980	\$15,410	\$15,410
Maximum Credit	\$560	\$3,733	\$6,164	\$6,935
Begin Phaseout (Single)	\$9,160	\$20,130	\$20,130	\$20,130
Begin Phaseout (MFJ)	\$15,290	\$26,260	\$26,260	\$26,260

Medicare Surtax—Modified AGI in 2020 was		Your Monthly	
Married	Part B Premium is	Part D IRMAA*	
\$182,000 or less	\$170.10	\$0	
\$182,001 - \$228,000	\$238.10	\$12.40	
\$228,001 - \$284,000	\$340.20	\$32.10	
\$284,001 - \$340,000	\$442.30	\$51.70	
\$340,001 - \$750,000	\$544.30	\$71.30	
Over \$750,000	\$578.30	\$77.90	
	Married \$182,000 or less \$182,001 - \$228,000 \$228,001 - \$284,000 \$284,001 - \$340,000 \$340,001 - \$750,000 Over \$750,000	Married         Part B Premium is           \$182,000 or less         \$170.10           \$182,001 - \$228,000         \$238.10           \$228,001 - \$284,000         \$340.20           \$284,001 - \$340,000         \$442.30           \$340,001 - \$750,000         \$544.30	

\*Part D premium determined by vendor. IRMAA surcharge added to vendor premium.

### Maximum Qualified LTC Premium Eligible for Deduction

Age	40 or less	41 – 50	51 – 60	61 – 70	Over 70
2022	\$450	\$850	\$1,690	\$4,510	\$5,640

Qualified LTC contract per diem limit: \$390.

### Personal Tax Items<sup>1</sup>

- Personal exemptions and limitation on itemized deductions repealed.
- Medical expenses deductible above 7.5% AGI.
- State, local, real estate taxes limited to \$10,000.
- Mortgage interest limited to \$750,000, home equity loans excluded.
- Casualty losses only allowed for federal disaster areas.
- Theft losses, moving and miscellaneous expenses subject to 2% floor repealed.
- Re-characterization of Roth conversion repealed.

### INCOME TAX 2022

#### If Taxable Income Is:

Over	But Not Over	The Tax Is	Of the Amount Over
Married, Filing	Jointly and Surviv	ving Spouses	
\$0	\$20,550	+ 10%	\$0
\$20,550	\$83,550	\$2,055 + 12%	\$20,550
\$83,550	\$178,150	\$9,615 + 22%	\$83,550
\$178,150	\$340,100	\$30,427 + 24%	\$178,150
\$340,100	\$431,900	\$69,295 + 32%	\$340,100
\$431,900	\$647,850	\$98,671 + 35%	\$431,900
\$647,850		\$174,253.50 + 37%	\$647,850
Unmarried Ind	ividual		
\$0	\$10,275	+ 10%	\$0
\$10,275	\$41,775	\$1,027.50 + 12%	\$10,275
\$41,775	\$89,075	\$4,807.50 + 22%	\$41,775
\$89,075	\$170,050	\$15,213.50 + 24%	\$89,075
\$170,050	\$215,950	\$34,647.50 + 32%	\$170,050
\$215,950	\$539,900	\$49,335.50 + 35%	\$215,950
\$539,900		\$162,718 + 37%	\$539,900
Married Individ	lual Filing Separa	tely	
\$0	\$10,275	+ 10%	\$0
\$10,275	\$41,775	\$1,027.50 + 12%	\$10,275
\$41,775	\$89,075	\$4,807.50 + 22%	\$41,775
\$89,075	\$170,050	\$15,213.50 + 24%	\$89,075
\$170,050	\$215,950	\$34,647.50 + 32%	\$170,050
\$215,950	\$323,925	\$49,335.50 + 35%	\$215,950
\$323,925		\$87,126.75 + 37%	\$323,925
Head of House			
\$0	\$14,650	+ 10%	\$0
\$14,650	\$55,900	\$1,465 + 12%	\$14,650
\$55,900	\$89,050	\$6,415 + 22%	\$55,900
\$89,050	\$170,050	\$13,708 + 24%	\$89,050
\$170,050	\$215,950	\$33,148 + 32%	\$170,050
\$215,950	\$539,900	\$47,836 + 35%	\$215,950
\$539,900		\$161,218.50 + 37%	\$539,900
	1	% long-term capital gair	
\$0	\$2,750	+ 10%	\$0
\$2,750	\$9,850	\$275 + 24%	\$2,750
\$9,850	\$13,450	\$1,979 + 35%	\$9,850
\$13,450		\$3,239 + 37%	\$13,450

### Corporations<sup>1</sup>

- Corporations are taxed at a flat 21%.
- No special personal service corporation rate.
- Corporate Alternative Minimum Tax repealed.
- Higher capital gain tax obsolete.
- Section 179 depreciation up to \$1,080,000. Phaseout \$2,700,000. SUV: \$27,000.
- Temporary expensing for large companies available.
- Like-kind exchanges limited to real property not held primarily for sale.
- Pass-through entity tax treatment—deductible amount is the lesser of:
   (a) 20% of the taxpayer's qualified business income, or
   (b) the greater of: (1) 50% of the W-2 wages, or (2) the sum of 25% of the
- W-2 wages and 2.5% of the unadjusted basis of all qualified property.
- Deduction phaseout for high earners in professional fields. \$340,100 \$440,100 (MFJ); \$170,050 – \$220,050 (Others)
- Hedge fund carried interest holding period increased to 3 years.

# **EDUCATION INCENTIVE**

### Education Savings Accounts (Education IRAs)-

Qualified withdrawals for K-12 expenses.

**Qualified Tuition Programs (Section 529 Plans)**—Qualified distributions are taxfree and excluded from financial aid calculations. Expanded to include use for up to \$10,000 per year for K-12 elementary and secondary tuition, tuition for trades and apprenticeship programs, and to pay up to \$10,000 (lifetime limit) in student loan debt. Can also be rolled into 529 ABLE accounts for those with special needs.

Lifetime Learning Credit—Up to 20% of up to \$10,000 tuition paid, calculated per taxpayer. MAGI phaseout range:

Married filing jointly \$160,000 - \$180,000
 Single \$80,000 - \$90,000

American Opportunity Tax Credit—100% on the first \$2,000 and 25% on the next \$2,000 of qualified tuition and related expenses. Up to 40% is refundable. MAGI phaseout range:

• Married filing jointly \$160,000 - \$180,000 • Single \$80,000 - \$90,000

### Exclusion of U.S. Savings Bond Income for Taxpayers Who Pay Qualified Higher Education Expenses

	MAGI Phaseouts		
Married, Filing Jointly	\$128,650 - \$158,650		
Others	\$85,800 - \$100,800		
Student Loan Interest—Maximum Itemized Deduction \$2,500			

Married, Filing Jointly	\$145,000 - \$175,000
Others	\$70,000 - \$85,000

# SOCIAL SECURITY

### Base Amount of Modified AGI Causing Social Security Benefits to Be Taxable

	50% Taxable	85% Taxable
Married, Filing Jointly	\$32,000	\$44,000
Single	\$25,000	\$34,000

### Maximum Earnings Before Social Security Benefits Are Reduced

	2022
If under full retirement age, lose \$1 for every \$2 earned	\$19,560
In the year of retirement, lose \$1 for every \$3 earned in months prior to full retirement	\$51,960
At full retirement age	No Limit

### **Maximum Compensation Subject to FICA Taxes**

	2022
OASDI (Social Security) maximum	\$147,000
HI (Medicare) maximum	No Limit

**FICA tax:** 0ASDI tax rate: 6.2% employees, 6.2% employers. HI tax rate: 1.45% employees, 1.45% employers. 15.30% self-employed.

ACA Medicare surtax: additional 0.9% on total wages for household income over \$250,000 married filing jointly, \$125,000 married separately, and \$200,000 for others.

<sup>1</sup>Personal, estate, and business pass-through tax changes all sunset 12/31/2025. Corporate changes are permanent.

<sup>2</sup>The SECURE Act amended the rules regarding Required Minimum Distributions. For taxpayers born before 7/1/1949, the Required Beginning Date is April 1 of the year following the year the taxpayer attains age 70½. For taxpayers born on or after 7/1/1949, the Required Beginning Date is April 1 of the year following the year the taxpayer attains age 72.

<sup>3</sup>As of 1/1/2020, taxpayers who have earned income will be able to contribute to a traditional IRA regardless of age. This mirrors the current rules for Roth IRA contributions.

<sup>4</sup>The budget legislation that includes the SECURE Act repealed the Kiddie Tax on unearned income at Trust/Estate rates and returned it to personal tax rates.

## **REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTIONS<sup>2</sup>**

Current Age	Distribution Period	Current Age	Distribution Period
72	27.4	97	7.8
73	26.5	98	7.3
74	25.5	99	6.8
75	24.6	100	6.4
76	23.7	101	6.0
77	22.9	102	5.6
78	22.0	103	5.2
79	21.1	104	4.9
80	20.2	105	4.6
81	19.4	106	4.3
82	18.5	107	4.1
83	17.7	108	3.9
84	16.8	109	3.7
85	16.0	110	3.5
86	15.2	111	3.4
87	14.4	112	3.3
88	13.7	113	3.1
89	12.9	114	3.0
90	12.2	115	2.9
91	11.5	116	2.8
92	10.8	117	2.7
93	10.1	118	2.5
94	9.5	119	2.3
95	8.9	120+	2.0
96	8.4		

#### **Uniform Lifetime Table**

As of January 1, 2022, the new life expectancy tables updated to reflect current mortality experience are in effect.

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